

## **AP BIOLOGY SUMMER ASSIGNMENT 2021**

Welcome to the world of Advanced Placement Biology! The attached summer assignment is required for all AP Biology students for the 2021-2022 school year.

### **The AP Biology course**

The AP Biology course is rigorous. It is a college level course. Expect to do homework every night. You will get out what you put in to the course. You will be given the tools needed to get a 4 or 5 on the AP Biology exam by taking this course, but it will be up to you to use them and employ them.

During the year we will complete the 8 required AP labs as well as many additional labs and activities. You will gain practice in writing AP Free Response Questions, and in answering AP level multiple choice questions.

### **You are required to do 3 things before school starts in September:**

**Part 1 – Text book Chapter 1 – 20 pts**

**Part 2 – Biology Scavenger hunt – 50 pts**

**Part 3 – Root word investigation – 30 pts**

By completing the assignment you will get an understanding of The AP biology course and have some basics to succeed in class.

### **The assignments are due the FISRT DAY of class, if not submitted earlier.**

All parts of the assignment need to be uploaded to google classroom before the due date. Please double check the all parts are uploaded correctly and visible, late assignments will receive a point reduction. Note that the summer assignment will be your first grade for the class for a total of **100 pts**.

- 1) If you do not do the summer assignment, you will start behind in the course.
- 2) Don't get overwhelmed. Plan out when you will do it. Have your list of terms ready to take a quick picture when you see something.

### **Questions?**

If you have questions about this assignment or the class, you may contact me via google classroom or you can email me at **LVanSicklin@prestonhs.org** . Don't wait until the week before school to get started!

Have a great summer!

Ms. Van Sicklin

## **Part I: Biology Text Book – 20 points**

Please read chapter 1 and answer the questions at the end of the chapter. Since you will not be receiving your textbook until the start of the school year, there is a pdf file of the textbook pages posted in google classroom. Please answer questions 1-13 on a separate document titled **Last Name\_ Chapter 1**.



## Part II: Biology Term Scavenger Hunt - 50 pts

For this part of your summer assignment, you will be familiarizing yourself with science terms that we will be using at different points throughout the year and finding them in a practical situation

**Select and “collect” 25 words/terms from the list (On Next Page)**

When I say “collect”, I mean you should collect that item by finding it and taking a **photograph**. You will make a digital “collection”, along with corresponding explanations. Use google drive to create a slide show or just make a google doc with pictures pasted in along with identification and description for each. If you do not have computer access, I will accept an actual photo album to physically turn in. You can have more than one item on a page.

**You do not need to find the exact item on the list, say for example, if it is an internal part to an organism, but you must apply the term to the specimen you find and explain in your finished project how this specimen represents the term.**

**EXAMPLE:** For the word “phloem”, take a picture of a flower and stem and then write a description of phloem and where it is in the flower

### **ORIGINAL PHOTOS ONLY:**

You cannot use an image from any publication or the Web. You must have taken the photograph yourself.

### **NATURAL ITEMS ONLY:**

Specimens may be used for only one item/word, and all must be from something that you have found in nature that is or once was alive. Ex. You cannot use your little sister’s stuffed pony for a picture of a mammal. Take a walk around your yard, neighborhood, and town or even the beach. Go to a store that has living things, like home depot (plants) or PetSmart (animals)

**DON’T SPEND ANY MONEY!** Research what the term means and in what organisms it can be found... and then go out and find one.

**Be sure to include a description of the term and how it relates to the Photograph**



## Biology Scavenger Hunt list.

**You must photograph at least 25 of the terms below as well as identify and describe each**

Each photo and description is worth 2 pts for a total of 50 pts

- |                                     |                                   |                                   |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 1. adaptation of an animal          | 37. ectotherm                     | 74. monocot plant w/flower & leaf |
| 2. adaptation of a plant            | 38. endosperm                     | 75. muscle fiber – striated       |
| 3. abscisic acid                    | 39. endotherm                     | 76. mutualism                     |
| 4. actin                            | 40. enzyme                        | 77. mycelium                      |
| 5. amniotic egg                     | 41. epithelial tissue             | 78. mycorrhizae                   |
| 6. amylase                          | 42. ethylene                      | 79. myosin                        |
| 7. angiosperm                       | 43. eubacteria                    | 80. nematode                      |
| 8. animal with segmented body       | 44. eukaryote                     | 81. niche                         |
| 9. annelid                          | 45. exoskeleton                   | 82. nymph stage of an insect      |
| 10. anther & filament of stamen     | 46. fermentation                  | 83. parasite                      |
| 11. arthropod                       | 47. flower ovary                  | 84. parenchyma cells              |
| 12. archaebacteria                  | 48. frond                         | 85. phloem                        |
| 13. autotroph                       | 49. fruit – dry with seed         | 86. pine cone – female            |
| 14. auxin producing area of a plant | 50. fruit – fleshy with seed      | 87. platyhelminthes               |
| 15. basidiomycete                   | 51. gametophyte                   | 88. pollen                        |
| 16. Batesian mimicry                | 52. gastropod                     | 89. pollinator                    |
| 17. biological magnification        | 53. genetically modified organism | 90. porifera                      |
| 18. bryophyte                       | 54. gibberellins                  | 91. prokaryote                    |
| 19. C 4 plant                       | 55. glycogen                      | 92. protein – fibrous             |
| 20. Calvin cycle                    | 56. gymnosperm cone               | 93. protein – globular            |
| 21. carbohydrate -fibrous           | 57. haploid chromosome number     | 94. protostome                    |
| 22. cambium                         | 58. heartwood                     | 95. pteridophyte                  |
| 23. cellulose                       | 59. hermaphrodite                 | 96. r-strategist                  |
| 24. chitin                          | 60. insect                        | 97. radial symmetry               |
| 25. chlorophyta                     | 61. K-strategist                  | 98. rhizome                       |
| 26. cnidarian                       | 62. keratin                       | 99. two-chambered heart           |
| 27. coelomate                       | 63. leaf – gymnosperm             | 100. spore                        |
| 28. conifer leaf                    | 64. lepidoptera                   | 101. sporophyte                   |
| 29. commensalism                    | 65. lichen                        | 102. stem – herbaceous            |
| 30. connective tissue               | 66. lignin                        | 103. stem – woody                 |
| 31. cuticle layer of a plant        | 67. lipid used for energy storage | 104. stigma & style of carpel     |
| 32. deciduous leaf                  | 68. littoral zone organism        | 105. tendril of a plant           |
| 33. deuterostome                    | 69. long-day plant                | 106. thorn of a plant             |
| 34. dicot plant with flower & leaf  | 70. meristem                      | 107. unicellular organism         |
| 35. diploid chromosome number       | 71. modified leaf of a plant      | 108. vascular plant tissue        |
| 36. echinoderm                      | 72. modified root of a plant      | 109. xerophyte                    |
|                                     | 73. modified stem of a plant      | 110. xylem                        |

### Part III: Root Word Investigation – 30 points

The main reason students find it difficult to understand science is because of all the hard to write, spell and read words. Actually, scientific vocabulary is a mix of small words that are linked together to have different meanings. If you learn the meanings of the little words, you'll find scientific vocabulary much easier to understand. Find the mean to the following Greek/Latin root words.

Name	Meaning
a- / an-	
meso-	
leuco-	
aero-	
anti-	
amphi-	
aqua- / hydro-	
arthro-	
auto-	
bi- / di-	
bio-	
cephal-	
chloro-	
chromo-	
-cide	
cyto-	
derm-	
haplo-	
ecto- / exo-	
endo-	
epi-	
gastro-	
-genesis	
herba-	
hetero-	
homo-	
ov-	
kary-	
neuro-	
soma-	
saccharo-	
primi-/ archea-	
-phyll	

Name	Meaning
hemo-	
hyper-	
hypo-	
intra-	
-itis	
lateral	
-logy	
-lysis	
-meter	
mono-	
morph-	
micro-	
macro-	
multi- / poly-	
-path / -pathy	
-ped / -pod	
phago-	
-phobia	
-philia	
proto-	
photo-	
pseudo-	
-stasis	
sub-	
sym- / -syn	
-synthesis	
-taxis	
-troph	
-tropism	
-therm	
tri-	
zoo-, -zoa	
zyg- / -zygous	

### Using Root words to define unknown words

Once you have completed the above root word table, use it to develop a SIMPLE definition, in **your own words**, for each of the following terms:

1. Hydrology \_\_\_\_\_
2. Cytolysis \_\_\_\_\_
3. Protozoa \_\_\_\_\_
4. Epidermis \_\_\_\_\_
5. Spermatogenesis \_\_\_\_\_
6. exoskeleton \_\_\_\_\_
7. Abiotic \_\_\_\_\_
8. Pathogen \_\_\_\_\_
9. pseudopod \_\_\_\_\_
10. Hemophilia \_\_\_\_\_
11. Endocytosis \_\_\_\_\_
12. herbicide \_\_\_\_\_
13. Anaerobic \_\_\_\_\_
14. Bilateral \_\_\_\_\_
15. autotroph \_\_\_\_\_
16. Monosaccharide \_\_\_\_\_
17. Arthropod \_\_\_\_\_
16. Monosaccharide \_\_\_\_\_
17. Arthropod \_\_\_\_\_
18. Polymorphic \_\_\_\_\_
19. Hypothermia \_\_\_\_\_
20. Biogenesis \_\_\_\_\_

You will have a **QUIZ** on these words and the above root words on the first week of class